ICS 4U0	Semester 2, 2013 – 2014			
Mid-Ur	Grade 12 Computer and Information Science nit Quest – Introduction to C# and Review of Programming			
Mr. N. Nolfi Victim: Mr. Solution	Well done Mr. S			
1. Match each term in the left column with the <i>best</i> definition in the right column. (16 KU)				
M index	$\checkmark$ Operators, such as &&,    and ! that are used to create compound conditions.			
Q braces	X. An appliance that corrects dental irregularities.			
<b>k</b> assignment statement	Something students hate to get from their teachers.			
<b>F</b> primitive data type	X A method of conveying information used by "cave people."			
<u> </u>	Ze A function or "action" that belongs to an object.			
<u>P 1</u>	X. A data type that is not defined in terms of simpler types.			
U object	<b>6.</b> A tangible and visible entity.			
repetition (looping)	X. Any time during which a program is being executed.			
<b>J</b> data field (property)	Øperator used to evaluate the remainder obtained upon dividing two integers.			
<u>    declaration</u>	X A variable that belongs to an object.			
A conditional operators	K. A statement that is used to give a value to a variable.			
<u>E</u> method	A programming structure that allows a particular group of statements to be repeated a certain number of times or while a certain condition is true.			
$\underline{R}$ selection ("if")	A number that is used to identify a particular character of a string.			
<b>H</b> run-time	X. The time at which the police show up and catch you in the act!			
<b>T</b> compile	Any time during which a program's source code is being edited.			
O uesign-time	The "not" operator used in C-style languages.			
	Symbols used to enclose a group of statements that are to be treated as a single statement.			
	<ul> <li>A programming structure that allows a particular group of statements to be executed while other groups of statements may be ignored.</li> <li>A statement that specifies the name, data type and other aspects of a variable.</li> </ul>			
	<b><i>7</i></b> Translate a high-level program to bytecode, assembly code or machine code.			
	<b>U.</b> Generally a collection of properties (data fields) and methods. In the .NET environment, events are also included.			

2. Translate into C# assignment statements. (8 KU)

<ul><li>(a) Calculate the number of whole <i>hours</i> in a given number of seconds.</li></ul>	hours = seconds / 3600; (works as long as "hours" and "seconds" are integers)			
<b>(b)</b> $A = \pi r^2 + \pi rs$	coneArea = Math.PI * Math.Pow (radius, 2) + Math.PI * radius * slant Height;			
<b>3.</b> Consider the following C# cod	le: (2 APP) 4. Explain how the following C# code could be improved:			
C C	(3 APP)			
long b = 9;	if (ferrariRadioButton.Checked)			
int $a = b; X$				
Is this valid C# code? If so, ex	xplain why.			
If not, explain why it isn't and	make make = "Lamborghini"; written as			
corrections.	esc if (bugattiRadioButton.Checked)			
Since implicit convers	make = "Bugatti"; ins if (alfaRomeoRadioButton.Checked) statement			
Since implicit convers are not allowed in	C#, make = "Alfa Romeo"; with 4 clauses			
a "long" value (64-1	bit integer) since only ONE of the radio buttons			
Commit he accisioned	tu an can be selected.			
a "long" value (64-1 cannot be assigned "int" variable (32-bi	timbe selected.			
INT VALIABLE CORE	Correction if ()			
Correction				
int a = (int)b;	else if ()			
	int b=9; otr			
$\frac{OR}{OR}$ long $a = b; OR$	inta=3; etc.			
5. For the given code snippet, create a memory map and state the problem that is solved. (10 APP)				

Code Snippet	Memory Map	Problem that is Solved	
Values before Entering Loop	i sudman	By the time the loop has	
<pre>// Recall that Math.Pow(2, i) means // "2 to the exponent i." The cast</pre>	1 I 2 4	finished executing, the variable "sudman" stores	
<pre>// operator (int) is needed to force // a conversion from "double" to "int"</pre>	3 4	the value obtained	
<pre>int sudman=1;</pre>	<u>7 64</u> 5 64	when the even	
<pre>for (int i=1; i&lt;=10; i++) </pre>	6 4096	powers of 2	
{ if (i % 2 == 0)	7 <u>4096</u> 8 104 <b>8576</b>	between 1 and 10	
<pre>sudman *= (int)Math.Pow(2,i); }</pre>	9 1048576	are multiplied	
Values after Exiting Loop	10 1073741824 - 1073741824	(i.e. 2 × 2 * 2 × 2 × 2 × 2 )	
Happens to be 230			