

Grade 11 Pre-AP Functions
Quiz – Unit 1 – Function Notation, Translations, Reflections

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Victim: Mr. Solutions

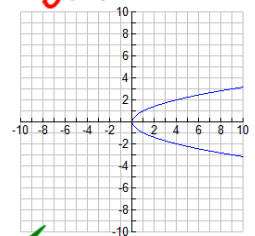
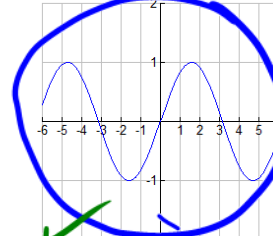
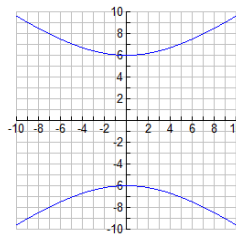
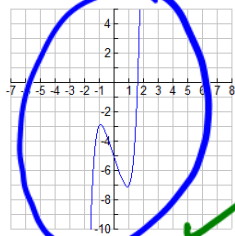
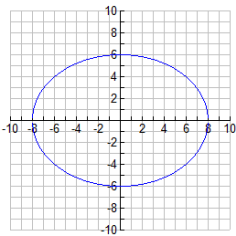
You did it again Mr. f.!!

KU	APP	COM
23/23	8/8	5/5

Modified True/False (6 KU)

State whether each statement is **true** or **false**. If false, **change** the underlined part to make the statement true.

1. T/F F $f(2+3) = f(2) + f(3)$ Change: $f(5)$
 $\checkmark = \frac{1}{2}$ mark
2. T/F F If $g(3) = -1$ then $(-1, 3)$ lies of the graph of g . Change: $(3, -1)$
3. T/F F $y = h(x)$ means that the value of y is found by multiplying the value of h by the value of x . Change: applying the function h to x
4. T/F F If $g(x) = f(x-3)$, the graph of g is obtained by translating the graph of f three units to the left. Change: translating three units right
5. T/F F The graph of g is obtained by reflecting f in the y -axis, translating three to the right and shifting five units down. Therefore, $g(x) = -f(x+3) + 5$. Change: $g(x) = f(-(x-3)) - 5$
6. T/F F The symbol $f(u)$ is read " f u." Change: " f of u "

7. Circle the relations that are functions. (5 KU)

$$\{(0, 2), (1, 2), (2, 2)\}$$

$$\{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 5)\}$$

$$y = \pm\sqrt{16 - x^2}$$

$$x^2 - y^2 = 0$$

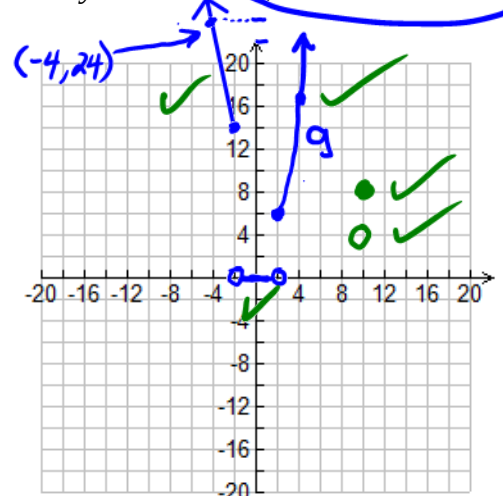
$$y = x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 1$$

8. Sketch a graph of the following piecewise-defined function

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 4 - 5x, & x \leq -2 \\ 0, & -2 < x < 2 \\ x^2 + 1, & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

In addition, state the domain and range of g .Domain = $\mathbb{R}$ Range = $\{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y = 0 \text{ or } y \geq 5\}$

(8 APP)



9. Consider the function f defined by the equation $f(x) = |x|$. The function g is obtained by performing the following transformations to f :

Horizontal Transformations	Vertical Transformations
1. Reflect in the y-axis 2. Translate six units to the left	1. Reflect in the x-axis 2. Translate four units up

(a) Write the transformation using function notation. (2 KU)

$$g(x) = -f(-(x+6)) + 4$$

(or $g(x) = -f(-x-6) + 4$ or $g(x) = -f(x+6) + 4$)

(b) Write the transformation using mapping notation. (2 KU)

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (-x-6, -y+4)$$

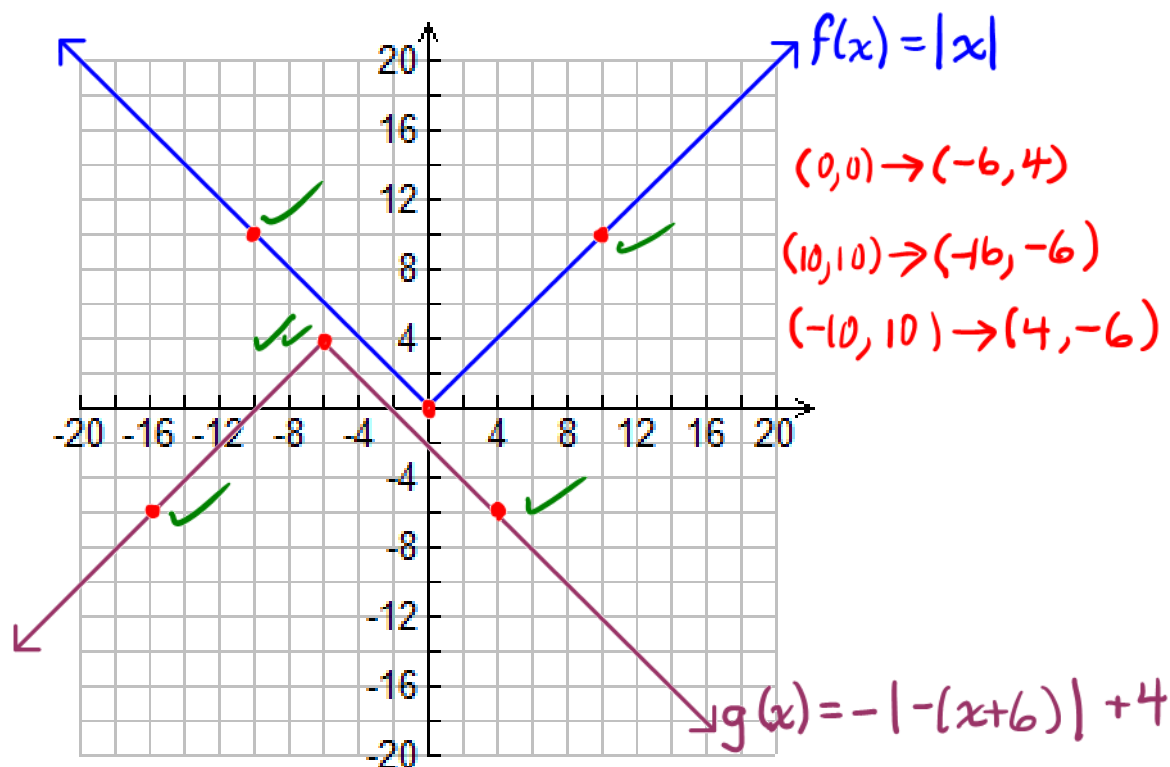
(or $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-6, -y+4)$)

(c) Write the equation of g using absolute value notation. (2 KU)

$$g(x) = -|-(x+6)| + 4$$

(or $g(x) = -|-x-6| + 4$ or $g(x) = -|x+6| + 4$)

(d) On the given grid, sketch the graphs of both f and g . The graph of g should be generated entirely by using the given transformations. Do not use a table of values! (6 KU)



10. Suppose that $g(x) = f(x-5)$. Explain why the graph of g is obtained by translating the graph of f five units to the **right**, **NOT** five units to the left. Use at least one diagram to illustrate your answer. (5 COM)

The statement $g(x) = f(x-5)$ **MEANS** that for input x , g has the same output as f has for input $x-5$. Since $x-5$ is five units to the **LEFT** of x , the graph of f must be five units to the left of that of g . Therefore, the graph of g must be five units to the **RIGHT** of that of f .

(Diagram on next page)

