| MCR3U9 Grade 11 Pre-AP Function | Semester 1, 2016 - 2017 |
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| Minor Test – Unit 1 – Function Concepts, Notation, Perspecti | ives, Applications, Transformations |
| Mr. N. Nolfi Victim: Volutions | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| Part 1: Modified True/False (6 KU) | |
| State whether each statement is <i>true</i> or <i>false</i> . If false, <i>change</i> the <u>unde</u> | <u>erlined part</u> to make the statement true. |
| 1. T/F $F(2+7) = f(2) + f(7)$ for all functions f . | Change: $f(\gamma) \wedge$ |
| 2. T/F $f(g(3) = -1$ then $(-1,3)$ lies of the graph of g. | Change: (3,-1) × |
| 3. T/F All functions are relations <u>and all</u> relations are functions. | Change: but not all |
| 4. T/F F The function $h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 14t + 2$ describes the height, | , in metres, of a ball thrown vertically |
| upward, t seconds after it was thrown. Then $h(0)$ means the height of the ball when it hits the ground. | S Change: the height at time O |
| 5. T/F F The symbol $f(u)$ is read " <u>fu</u> ." | Change: "F of y" X |
| Part 2: Problems | |
| 6. Circle the relations that are functions. (5 KU) One mark | deducted for |
| (a) (b) (c) each in correct $each = 10^{10}$ | recta identitication (e) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| (f) $x^2 - y^2 = 0$ (g) {(1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (1,5)} (h) {(0,2), (1,2), (2,2)} | 2) (i) $ y = 16 - x^2$ (j) $y = x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x$ |
| 7. State the domain and range of $f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 66x$ | $- \chi(\chi^2 + 5\chi - 66) - \chi(\chi + 11)[\chi - 6]$ |
| 7. State the domain and range of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+11}$. (2 KU) | 2+11 2+11 |
| Domain = $\frac{2 \times 6 \mathbf{K} \times \neq -115}{Range} = \frac{1}{2}$ | <u>{yer}y>-95</u> |
| See page 3 for detailed analysis of #1 | (bonus +1, Ky reduced to 20) |
| 8. A kayak-rental company charges \$40 per kayak rental and averages 400 rentals per day. According to marketing studies of the kayak - | s 30000 (16,28800) |
| rental industry, for every \$5 increase in price, a typical company ca expect to lose 10 rentals per day. How much should the company | in a second s |
| charge to maximize revenue? (10 APP) | |
| Let x represent the number of | |
| #5 price increases and let RCX hepve. | 2hl 40 |
| increases have been made | axis of |
| De anno - (u karaka mutal Varia anno | what the symmetry |
| Mevenue = (# nayaris renteal price parte | 2=16 |
| K(x) = (400 - 10x)(40 + 5x) | The max revenue is found at the |
| $\therefore R(x) = 10(40-x)(5)(8+x)$ | of symmetry. Therefore, to maximiz |
| $\therefore R(x) = 50(40-x)(8+x)$ | the company should charge |
| : the zeros of Rare - 8 and 40 V | KU APP TIPS COM |
| Since Ris a quadratic function, | |
| its axis at symmetry has equation $x = -\frac{81}{3}$ | <u>=====================================</u> |

9. Consider the function f defined by the equation f(x) = |x-10|. The function g is obtained by performing the following transformations to f:





Therefore, the graph of f is a parabola with a hole at x=11, If we let g(x)=x(x-6), g(-11)=187. Thus, the co-ordinates of the hole are (-11, 187).



... domain of $f = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \neq -11 \}$ and the range of $f = \{ y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \ge 0 \text{ and } y \neq 187 \}$