| MCR 3U9                   | Semester 2, 20   | )16 - 2017      |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Mr. N. Nolfi M. Solutions | Grade 11 Pre-AP Functions<br>Diagnostic Test<br>Another brilliant work of art Mr. S. | <u>57</u><br>57 |

- 1. Complete the following statements by filling in the blanks with logical answers that relate to what we have learned in the review unit of this course. (13)
  - (a) Many students find mathematics difficult because they see it as a massive collection of complicated, incomprehensible rules that are used to manipulate myriad meaningless symbols. Gladly, there are simple strategies that students can apply that will help them develop a mindset that makes mathematics much easier to understand. Mr. Nolfi described three of these strategies in Unit 0. List the three strategies in the space provided below.
    - Focus on important ideas rather than blindly memorized facts. (i) (ii) View mathematical relationships from different perspectives. (iii) Don't just scratch the surface! Learn in dep
    - As examples of one of these strategies, Mr. Nolfi pointed out that for equations of lines, we only need to remember <u>Sope = Sope</u> for the midpoint of a line segment, we only need to remember the average of a and and for the length

of a line segment, we only need to remember \_\_\_\_\_\_ the Rythagorean theorem

(b) To maximize my learning potential in mathematics, I must learn to distinguish between

fuli marks.

and problems exercises \_\_\_\_\_ so that I can devote more time to **problem Solving**, which is the ultimate goal of studying mathematics. In addition, I must become very well acquainted with George Polya's four steps of problem solving, which are as follows:

If she had stopped at this

step, she would have received

These steps would be performed to SOLVE the equation  $x^2+4x-5=0$ .

Boy that was so easy!

Finally, the whole world will realize what a great

genius I truly am!

Understand the problem Device STratfo Carry out the strategy <u>Check</u> the

2. When Miley C. was asked to *factor* the expression  $x^2 + 4x - 5$ , she wrote the "solution" shown below. Is it correct? Explain. (2) Miley is NOT correct.

 $x^{2} + 4x - 5 = (x - 1)(x + 5)$ 

 $\therefore x - 1 = 0 \text{ or } x + 5 = 0$ 

 $\therefore x = 1 \text{ or } x = -5$ 

**3.** Feeling that she was on a roll, Miley decided to tackle another question. Here is the "solution" that she offered. Is Miley's "solution" correct? If not, provide a *correct solution* along with a *graph* that clearly shows the *roots* of the *equation*. (6)

$$\frac{Correct Solution}{5x^2 - 10x - 120 = 0}$$
  

$$5x^2 - 10x - 120 = 0$$
  

$$5(x^2 - 2x - 24) = 0$$
  

$$5(x^2 - 2x - 24) = 0$$
  

$$5(x - 6)(x + 4) = 0$$
  

$$x - 6 = 0 \text{ or } x + 4 = 0$$
  

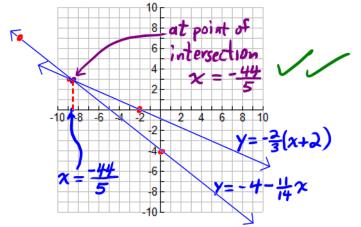
$$x = 6 \text{ or } x = -4$$

**4.** Solve. Show all steps.

(a) Solve the following linear equation. (5)

 $-\frac{3}{7}x+2) = -4 - \frac{11}{14}x$  $\therefore -6(x+2) = -56 - 11x$ · -6x-12 =-56-11x 5x = -44∴ x = -<u>44</u>

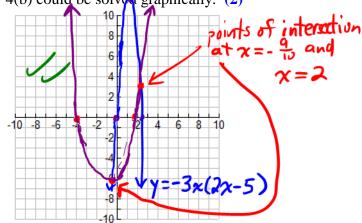
(c) Sketch a graph that shows how the equation in 4(a) could be solved graphically. (2)



(b) Solve the following quadratic equation. (7)

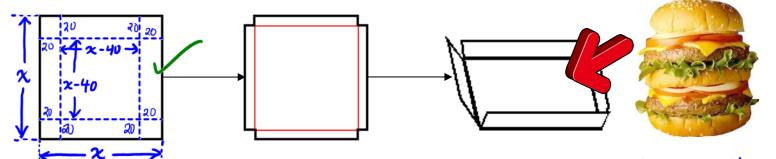
(3z-5)(z+4) = -3z(2z-5) $\therefore 3z^{2} + 7z - 20 = -6z^{2} + 15z$  $(9z^2 - 8z - 20) = 0$  $2^{2} - 18z + 10z - 20 = 0^{1}$  $\therefore 9z(z-2) + 10(z-2) = 0$ (z-2)(9z+10) = 0: z-2=0 or 92+10=0 V  $\therefore z=2 g^{n} z=\frac{-10}{9}$ (80 9(-20) = -180-18+10 = -8, -18(10) = -180

(d) Sketch a graph that shows how the equation in 4(b) could be solved graphically. (2)



5. State an equation of the graph shown at the right. Justify your answer. (4) dx= 10 Equation in vertex form: y = a(x-h) + k 8 (3,6) The vertex of the given graph is (4,9). 6 4 Therefore, the equation of the graph must take the form  $y = a(x-4)^2 + 9$ . 2 Since (3,6) lies on the graph, -2  $6 = a(3-4)^{2}+9$ -4 ··-3 =9 -6 ... an equation of the graph is  $y = -3(x-4)^2 + 9$ 

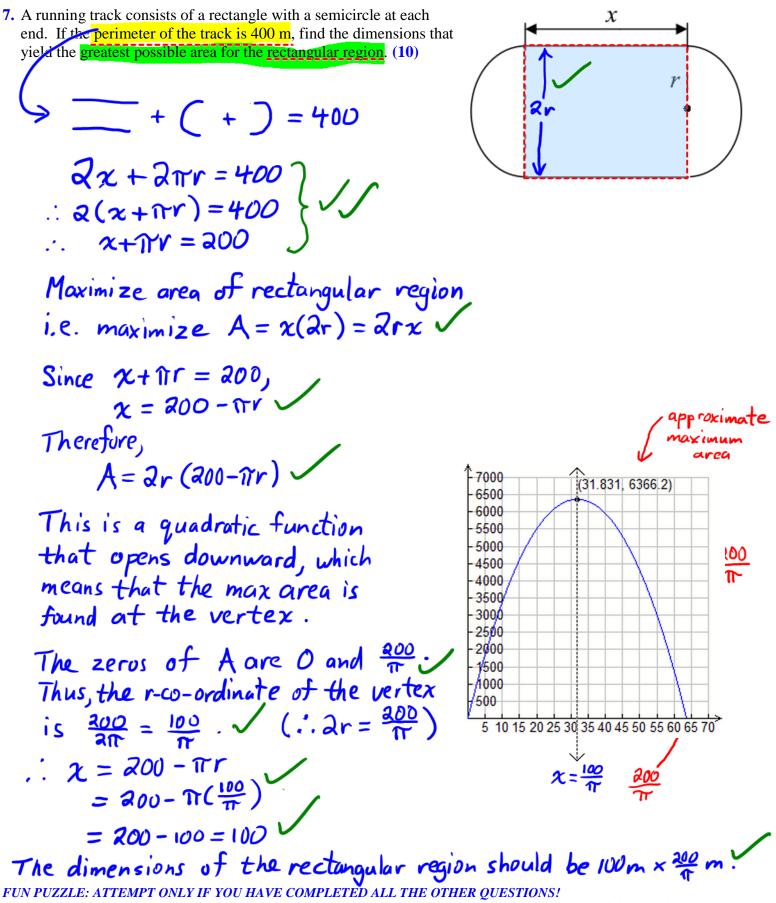
6. McDonald's Canada® has hired Sukhman J. (aka *M. Bouche de Moteur*) to design a box for their new ultrasized burger. The box must have a volume of 8000 cm<sup>3</sup>, a depth of 20 cm and it must be manufactured from a *square* sheet of cardboard. What should be the dimensions of the square sheet of cardboard? (6)



Let x represent the length and width (in cm) of the square sheet of cardboard and let V represent the volume of the box (in cm<sup>3</sup>).

Then  $V = lwh = (x - 40)(x - 40)(20) = 20(x - 40)^2$ Since the volume must be 8000,  $20(x - 40)^2 = 8000$   $\therefore (x - 40)^2 = 400$  Dimensions of base of box  $x - 40 = \frac{1}{2}0$  Would be -20x - 20, which is impossible.

The square sheet of cardboard should be 60 cm by 60 cm.



An eccentric old king wants to give his throne to one of his two sons. He decides that a horse race will be run and the son who owns the slower horse will become king. The sons, each fearing that the other will cheat by having his horse run less fast than it is capable, ask the court fool for his advice. With only two words, the fool tells them how to make sure that the race will be fair. What are the two words?

+1 Bonus

Switch horses I