MHF4U0 Final Exam Review #1 – Characteristics and Behaviour of Functions

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Equation of Function: (Hint: $a = 2$) Domain:
20^{-1} 18^{-16} 16^{-14} 12^{-12} 10^{-	Equation of Function: (Hint: $a = \frac{1}{2}$) Domain:
3 2.5 2 1.5 1 0.5 -0.5 -1 -1.5 -2 -2.5 -3	Equation of Function: (Hint: $a = 4$) Domain:



$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Domain: Range: Given that the parent function is $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$, $f(x)$ is obtained by stretching f by a factor of and translating units to the Equation of Vertical Asymptote: Equation of Horizontal Asymptote: As $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to$ As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to$ As $x \to 3^-$, $f(x) \to$ As $x \to 3^+$, $f(x) \to$ Interval(s) of Increase: Interval(s) of Decrease:
$5 \xrightarrow{y}{f(x)} = \frac{x-3}{2x-6}$	There is a "hole" in f at $x = 3$ because division by zero is undefined: $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{2x-6} = \frac{x-3}{2(x-3)} = \frac{1}{2}, x \neq 3$ Domain: Range: As $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to $ As $x \to -\infty$, $f(x) \to $ Interval(s) of Increase: Interval(s) of Decrease:
$y = 2$ $x = \frac{1}{2}$	Domain:

1. Match each function with its graph.





- **2.** Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{3}{x-2}$.
 - a) State the equation of the vertical asymptote.
 - b) Use a table of values to determine the behaviour(s) of the function near its vertical asymptote.
 - c) State the equation of the horizontal asymptote.
 - d) Use a table of values to determine the end behaviours of the function near its horizontal asymptote.
 - e) Determine the domain and range.
 - f) Determine the positive and negative intervals.
 - g) Sketch the graph.